PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the

INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

fo: OH Kook-Jin	PCT	
302, Doceon Bldg, 3F 1708-6, Scocho-dong, Scocho-gu Scoul 137-884 Republic of Korca	WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY	
	(PCT Rule 43bis,1)	
	Date of mailing (day-month/year) 05 JANUARY 2007 (05.01.2007)	
Applicant's or agent's file reference PX0004PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below	
International application No. International filing d PCT/KR2006/001409 17 APRIL 2006	(17.04.2006)	
International Patem Classification (IPC) or both national class: C12M 3/00(2006.01)i. C12M 1/40(2006.01)i. C12N 5/08(200. App icant		
CHABIOTECH CO., LTD. et al 1. This opinion contains indications relating to the following in		
Bex No IV Lack of unity of invention	pplication	
Enternational Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA") coother than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has apinions of this international Scarching Authority will not if this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a wri-	tten opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the adments, before the expiration of 3 months from the date of cumbing	
3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/(SA) 220.		
Korean Intellectual Property Office	npletion of this opinion Authorized officer RY 2007 (05.01.2007) CHO, Myung Sen	

Telephona No.82-42-481-5591

Facstrule No. 82-12-472-7140

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No

PCT KR2006/001409

Box	No. 1 Basis of this opinion
i.	With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of:
	the international application in the language in which it was filed
	a translation of the international application into
	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid-sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:
1	a. type of material
	a sequence listing table(s) related to the sequence listing .
	s. format of material .
	on paper in electronic form
	In Crossonic Com
,	time of filing/furnishing
i	contained in the international application as filed. [iled together with the international application in electronic form.]
	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.
4.	filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or aeditional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished. Additional communits:
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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application Ne PCT/KR2006/001409 . .

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability: citations and explanations supporting such statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	none		YES
,	Claims	1 - 6		Nr.)
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	none		Y; 8
	Claims	1-6		NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-6	·	Y. S
	Claims	none	,	NO

2. Citations and explanations:

- 1. Reference is made to the following documents:
- D1: Cha, K. et al. Pertility and Sterility Vol.34 Supplement 1, Scp. 2005, pages S551 S352
- D2: Yoon, T. K. et al. Fertility and Sterility Vol.84 Supplement 1, Sep. 2005, page \$176
- D3: Kim, H. G. et al. Fertility and Sterility Vol.82 Supplement 2, Sep. 2004, page 525
- 2. The present application relates to methods of vitrification of human occytes by directly exposing the occytes to nitrogen slush on a transfer instrument. It further claims the human occytes undergone said vitrification process. D1 teaches that the survival and fertilization rates of human occytes after vitrification/thawing steps were highly increased by the vitrification procedure using gold grid and slush liquid nitrogen, compared to the case performed with conventional liquid nitrogen. D2 also explains the vitrification process using gold grid and slush-liquid nitrogen produced improved survival/fertilization rate of human mature occytes possibly due to higher cooling rate of slush-liquid nitrogen. D3 reveals the effect of slush-liquid nitrogen and sodium depleted medium on the survival rate of human occytes.
- 3. Novelty and Inventive step

The subject matter of claims 1-6 does not meet the requirement of novel'y and inventive step in PCT Article 33(2) and (3), since D1-D3 all disclose the same technical feature of vitrification process of human occytes in claim 1-3, 5 and 6, and the human occytes claimed in claim 4 of the present application.

4. Industrial applicability

Claims 1:6 meet the requirements for industrial applicability in PCT Article 33(4)